

MEDIUM VOLTAGE PRODUCT

KECA 80 D85

Indoor current sensor (split core type)



Value

01 Sensor characteristics

Parameters for Application	value
Rated primary current of application	up to 4000 A
Sensor Parameters	Value
Highest voltage for equipment, $U_{_{\rm m}}$	0.72 kV
Rated primary current, I _{pr}	80 A
Rated continuous thermal current, $\boldsymbol{I}_{\text{cth}}$	4000 A
Rated transformation ratio, K_{ra}/K_{r}	80 A/ 150 mV at 50 Hz 180 mV at 60 Hz
Accuracy class: - IEC 60044-8 - IEC 61869-10	0.5/5P630 0.5/5P630-A2
Length of cable	5 m

Sensor principles

Parameters for Application

The current sensor (Electronic current transformers according to IEC 60044-8 and low-power passive current transformers according to IEC 61869-10 standards) type KECA 80 D85 offers an alternative way of making the current measurements needed for the protection and monitoring of medium voltage power systems.

Sensors based on alternative principles have been introduced as successors to conventional instrument transformers in order to significantly reduce size, increase safety, and to provide greater rating standardization and a wider functionality range. These well known principles can only be fully utilized in combination with versatile electronic relays.

Sensor characteristics

Construction of ABB's current sensors is done without the use of a ferromagnetic core. This fact results in several important benefits for the user

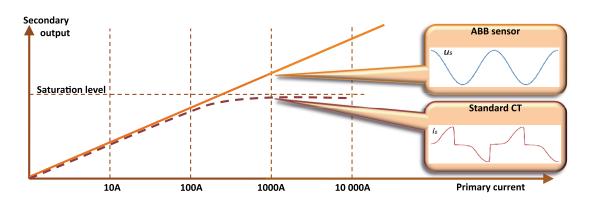
and the application. The main benefit is that the behavior of the sensor is not influenced by non-linearity and width of hysteresis curve, which results in a highly accurate and linear response over a wide dynamic range of measured quantities.

A linear and highly accurate sensor characteristic in the full operating range enables the combination of metering and protection classes in one winding.

With KECA 80 D85 sensor measuring **class 0.5** is reached for continuous current measurement in the extended accuracy range from 5% of the rated primary current I_{pr} **not only up to 120% of I**_{pr} (as being common for conventional current transformers), **but even up to the rated continuous thermal current I**_{cth}. For dynamic current measurement (protection purposes) the ABB sensor KECA 80 D85 fulfills requirements of protection class **5P up to an impressive value reaching 50 kA.** That provides the possibility to designate the corresponding accuracy class as **0.5/5P630** (IEC 60044-8) or **0.5/5P630-A2** (IEC 61869-10), proving excellent linearity and accuracy measurements.

Current sensor

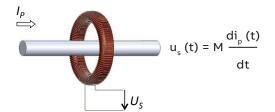
Current measurement in KECA 80 D85 sensors is based on the Rogowski coil principle. A Rogowski coil is a toroidal coil, without an iron core, placed around the primary conductor in the same way as the secondary winding in a current transformer. However, the output signal from a Rogowski coil is not a current, but a voltage:



02 Rogowski coil principle

03 IED and Sensor

04 Current sensors installed on insulated cables



02

In all cases, a signal that represents the actual primary current waveform is easily obtained by integrating the transmitted output signal.

Protection and control IEDs (Intelligent Electronic Devices)

Protection and control IEDs incorporate the functions of a traditional relay, as well as allow new additional functions. The information transmitted from the sensors to the IED is very accurate, providing the possibility of versatile relay functionality. However, the IED must be able to operate with sufficient accuracy at a sensor's low input signal level, and the signal from the Rogowski coil must be integrated. Modern IEDs (such as ABB's 601 series relays) are designed for such sensor use, and they are also equipped with built-in integrators for Rogowski coil sensor inputs. Modern digital apparatuses (microprocessor based relays) allow protection and measurement functions to be combined. They fully support current sensing realized by the single sensor with double the accuracy class designation, e.g.: current sensing with combined accuracy class 0.5/5P630 (IEC 60044-8) or 0.5/5P630-A2 (IEC 61869-10).



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Sensor applications

The current sensor type KECA 80 D85 is intended for use in current measurement in medium voltage air and gas insulated switchgear. The current sensor is split core type equipped with a clamping system which provides easy and fast installation and therefore makes the sensor suitable for

retrofit purposes. The current sensor shall be installed over a bushing insulator, insulated & shielded cable, insulated & shielded cable connectors or any other type of insulated & shielded conductor.



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Differences between Sensors and Instrument Transformers

There are some noticeable differences between Sensors and conventional Instrument Transformers:

Linearity

Due to the absence of a ferromagnetic core the sensor has a linear response over a very wide primary current range, far exceeding the typical CT range. Thus, current sensing for both measurement and protection purposes could be realized with single secondary winding with a double rating. In addition, one standard sensor can be used for a broad range of rated currents and is also capable of precisely transferring signals containing frequencies different from rated ones.

For this type of sensor, the variation of amplitude and phase error or composite error in a current range from 5% of rated primary current I_{pr} up to 50 kA is within the limits specified by IEC 60044-8 and IEC 61869-10.

Example of current measurement range with rated current 80 A and accuracy class 0.5/5P630 (IEC 60044-8) or 0.5/5P630-A2 (IEC 61869-10):

Metering accuracy class 0.5 is, according to the IEC 60044-8 and IEC 61869-10 standards, guaranteed from 5% of I $_{\rm pr}$ up to K $_{\rm pcr}$ x I $_{\rm pr}$ where K $_{\rm pcr}$ is rated extended primary current factor and I $_{\rm pr}$ is

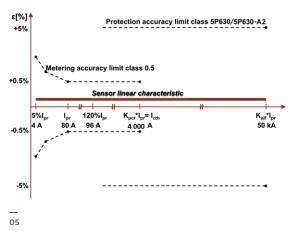
05 Combined accuracy class

06 Example of sensor label (IEC 60044-8)

07 Example of a sensor label (IEC 60044-8 with UL certification)

- Upper label part of accessories, to be glued to Switchgear
- Bottom label with UL logo - placed on sensor
- 08 Example of a sensor label (IEC 61869-10)

rated primary current. Factor K_{pcr} is in the case of conventional CTs usually just 1.2, but in the case of the KECA 80 D85 sensor the K_{pcr} factor is several times higher and equals 50. Protection accuracy class 5P630 or 5P630-A2 is guaranteed, for the advanced KECA 80 D85 sensor, from the current equal to K_{pcr} x I_{pr} up to the current corresponding to K_{alf} x I_{pr} value, where K_{alf} is, according to IEC 60044-8 and IEC 61869-10, the accuracy limit factor. For this type of sensor the value of $K_{per} \times I_{pr}$ is equal to the rated continuous thermal current I_{cth} (4000 A) and the value of $K_{alf} \times I_{pr}$ is equal to 50 kA. The accuracy limits are described on the graph below.



Compactness

Since the sensing elements are particularly small, and the same elements are used for both measurement and protection, the current sensors can be easily integrated into other equipment.

Rated parameters

Because the sensors are highly linear within a very wide range of currents, the same single sensor can be used for the various rated currents associated with each specific application up to the specified maximum voltage for equipment. There is no need to specify other parameters such as burden, safety factor, etc. since they are standard over the defined range. To achieve the correct function of the protection and control IED, the selected rated current, as well as the rated transformation ratio, must be properly set into the IED.

Energy savings concept

As there is no iron core, no necessity for high burden values and thus a possibility for low current losses and only one secondary winding needed, KECA 80 D85 sensors exhibit extremely low energy consumption that is just a fraction of that transferred to heat in conventional CTs. This fact contributes to huge energy savings during its entire operating life, supporting the world-wide effort to reduce energy consumption.

Correction factors

The amplitude and phase error of a current sensor is, in practice, constant and independent of the primary current. Due to this fact it is an inherent and constant property of each sensor and it is not considered as unpredictable and influenced error. Hence, it can be easily corrected in the IED by using appropriate correction factors, stated separately for every sensor.

Values of the correction factors for the amplitude and phase error of a current sensor are mentioned on the sensor label (for more information please refer to Instructions for installation, use and maintenance) and should be uploaded without any modification into the IED before the sensors are put into operation (please check available correction in the IED manual). To achieve required accuracy classes it is recommended to use all correction factors: amplitude correction factor (al/CFI) and phase error correction factor (pl/ $\phi_{0 \text{ cor}}$) of a current sensor.



Current Sensor

KECA 80 D85 Usr: 0.150/0.180 V Cfs: al: 0.9955 Ipr: 80 A Kpcr: 50

S/N 1VLT5414910279 cl: 0.5/5P630 pl: +0.0817 0.72/3/- kV fr: 50/60 Hz lth/ldyn: 85(3s)/230 kA 0.72/3/- kV IEC 60044-8 Made by ABB 0.25 kg E 24 OCT 2014





Current Sensor

KECA 80 D85 Electronic current transformer lpr: 80 A Usr:0.150/0.180 V cl: 0.5/5P630 Kpcr: 50 Cfs: al: 1.0020 fr: 50/60 Hz Ith/Idyn: 85(3s)/230 kA 24 MAY 2019 IEC 60044-8 Made by ABB S/N 1VLT5419001587



KECA 80 D85 Electronic current transformer lpr: 80 A Usr:0.150/0.180 V cl: 0.5/5P630 Kpcr: 50 Cfs: al: 1.0020 pl: +0.0030° 0.25 kg fr: 50/60 Hz Ith/Idyn: 85(3s)/230 kA 24 MAY 2019 IEC 60044-8 Made by ABB S/N 1VLT5419001587





Current Sensor

KECA 80 D85 S/N 1VLT5419001587



09 Connector RJ45

Secondary cables

The sensor is equipped with a cable for connection with the IED. The cable connector is type RJ45. The sensor accuracy classes are verified up to the RJ45 connector, i.e. considering also its secondary cable. These cables are intended to be connected directly to the IED, and subsequently neither burden calculation nor secondary wiring is needed. Every sensor is therefore accuracy tested when equipped with its own cable and connector.



09

Standards

- IEC 60044-8 (2002-07) Instrument transformers Part 8: Electronic current transformers
- IEC 61869-10 (2017-12) Instrument transformers
 Part 10: Additional requirements for low-power passive current transformers

Certifications

UL certified (UL file number E501098)



Highest voltage for equipment and test voltages

Highest voltage for equipment, U_: 0.72 kV

Insulation requirements for secondary terminals according to IEC 61869-10

 Power frequency voltage withstand capability:

0.82 kV

Impulse voltage withstand

capability: $1.5 \text{ kV } 1.2/50 \text{ } \mu \text{s}$

Current sensor, rated values

Rated primary current, I_{pr}:

80 A

Rated transformation

ratio, K_{ra}/K_r : 80 A/0.150 V at 50 Hz

 $80\,\text{A}/0.180\,\text{V}$ at $60\,\text{Hz}$

• Rated secondary output, U_{sr} : 3 mV/Hz

i.e. 150 mV at 50 Hz or 180 mV at 60 Hz

- Rated continuous thermal current, $\rm I_{cth} : \quad 4\,000\,A$

• Rated short-time thermal current, I_{th} : 85 kA/3 s

Rated dynamic current, I_{dyn}: 230 kA
 Rated frequency, f_.: 50/60 Hz

• Rated extended primary current factor, K_{pcr} : 50

Accuracy limit factor, K_{alf}:
• Accuracy class:

- IEC 60044-8 0.5/5P630 - IEC 61869-10 0.5/5P630-A2

• Rated burden, R_{br}:

- IEC 60044-8 10 MΩ - IEC 61869-10 2 MΩ; 50 pF

Temperature category

Operation: -25°C/+80°C
 Transport and storage: -40°C/+80°C

Cable

Length: 5 m
 Connector: RJ45 (CAT-6)
 Grounding wire length: 0.5 m

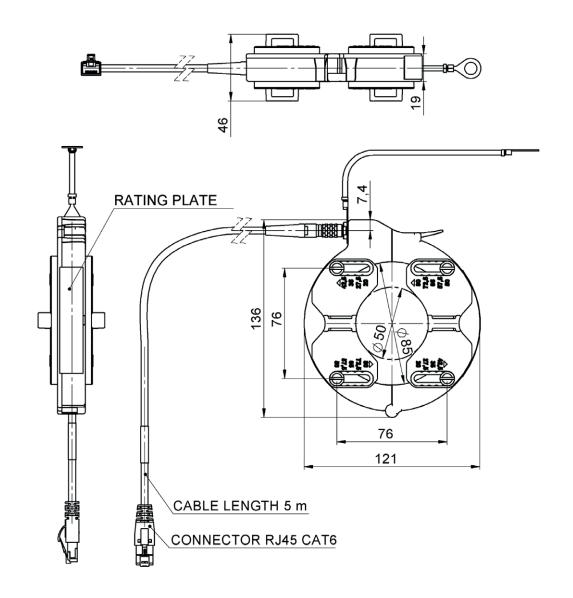
Dimensions and weight

Outline drawing number: 2RKA018298A0001Weight: 0.25 kg

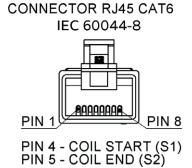
_	Sensor ordering data		
Cable length	IEC 60044-8	IEC 60044-8 + UL certification	IEC 61869-10
5 m	1VL5400076V0101	1VL5400076V0201	1VL5400076V1101

Dimensional Drawings

KECA 80 D85





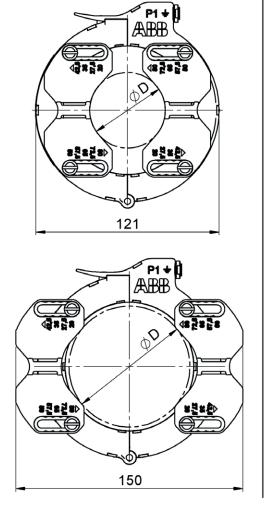


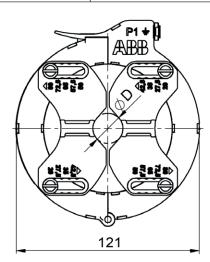


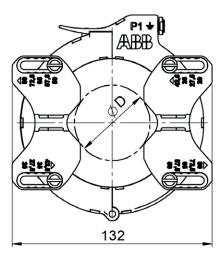
PIN 1 - COIL START (S1) PIN 2 - COIL END (S2)

Configurations of clamping system

CONFIGURATION 1		CONFIGURATION 2		
POSITION NUMBER	MAX. CABLE OUTER DIAMETER D [mm]	POSITION NUMBER	MAX. CABLE OUTER DIAMETER D [mm]	
50	50	20	20	
57.5	57.5	27.5	27.5	
65	65	35	35	
72.5	72.5	42.5	42.5	
80	80	/	/	









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